



University  
of Molise

# Security Analysis of Access Control Policies for Smart Homes

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SACMAT2023

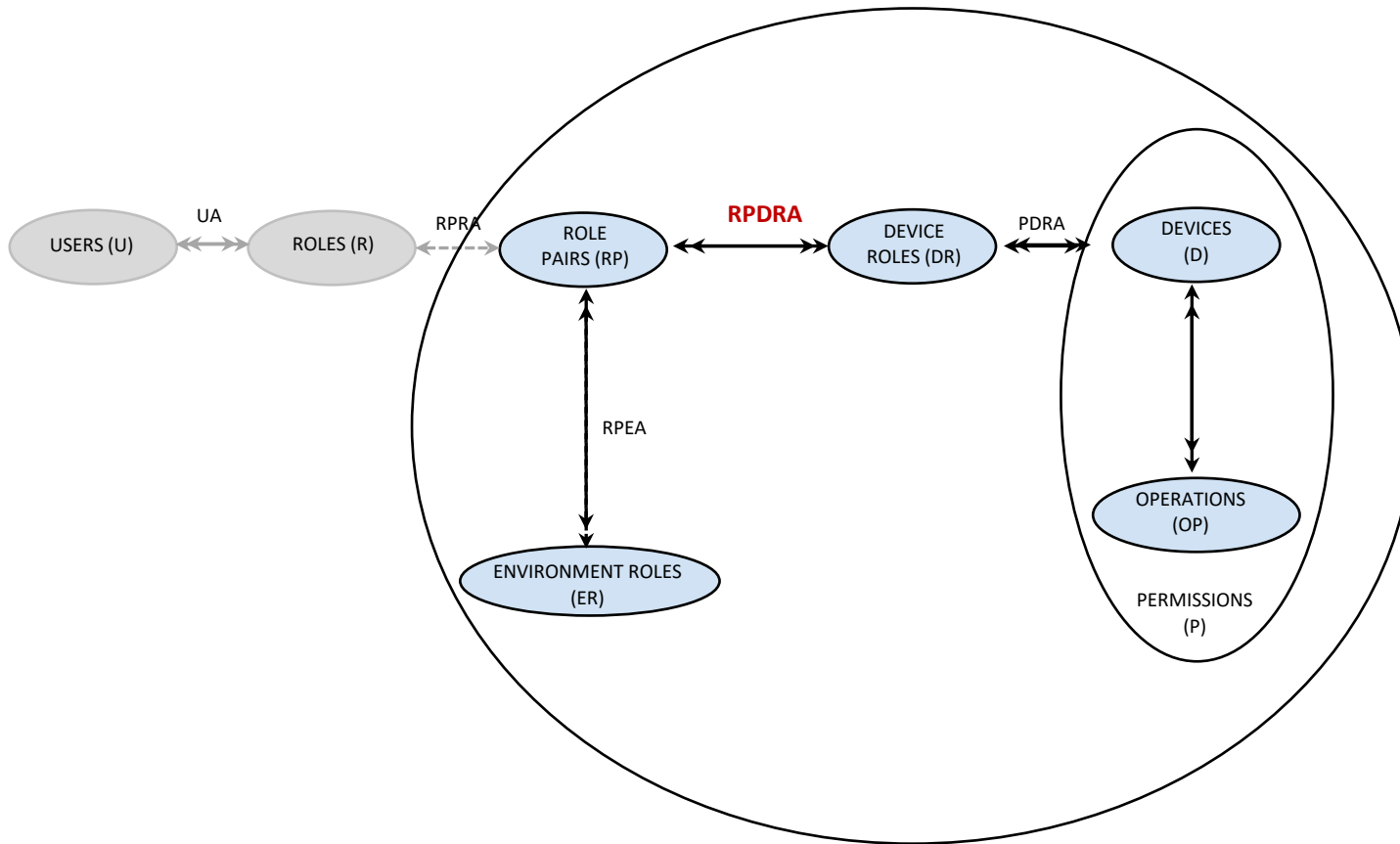


# Introduction



Smart houses are becoming increasingly common due to the IoT, but protecting **privacy** and resources is a concern.

To address this issue, sophisticated access control specifications and enforcement models are needed.



### Examples:

#### Role Pairs RP

- Parent(Any\_Time)*
- Maid(At\_Home)*
- Kid(Entertainment\_Time)*

#### Device Roles DR

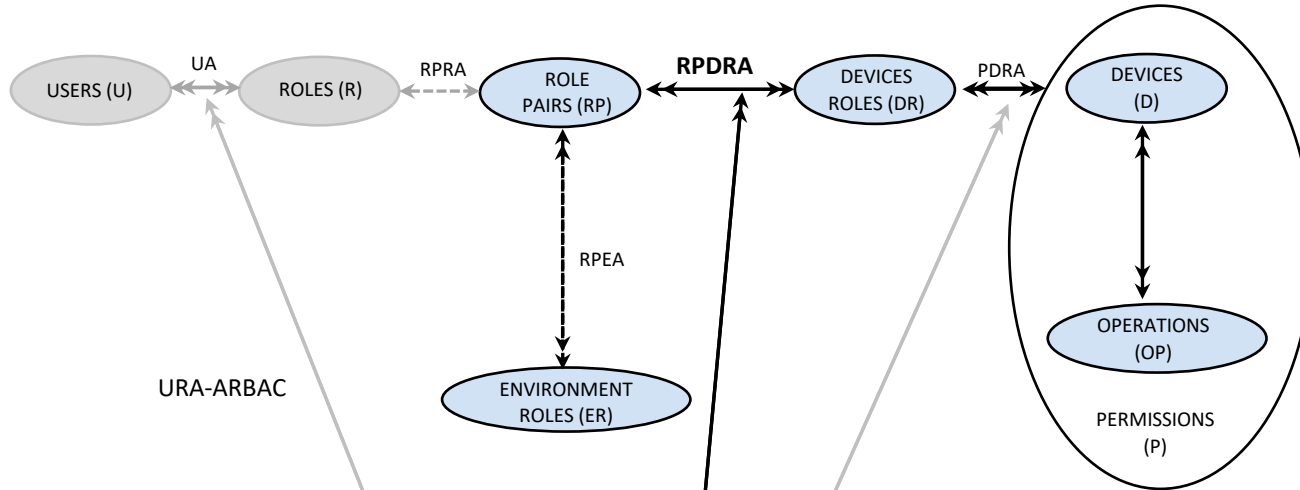
- Dangerous\_Devices*
- Cleaning\_Devices*
- Entertainment\_Devices*

#### RPDRA

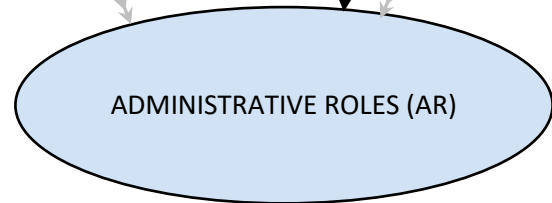
- Maid(At\_Home), Cleaning\_Devices*



Operational model



Administrative model



Authorization Functions:

AssignRPDR

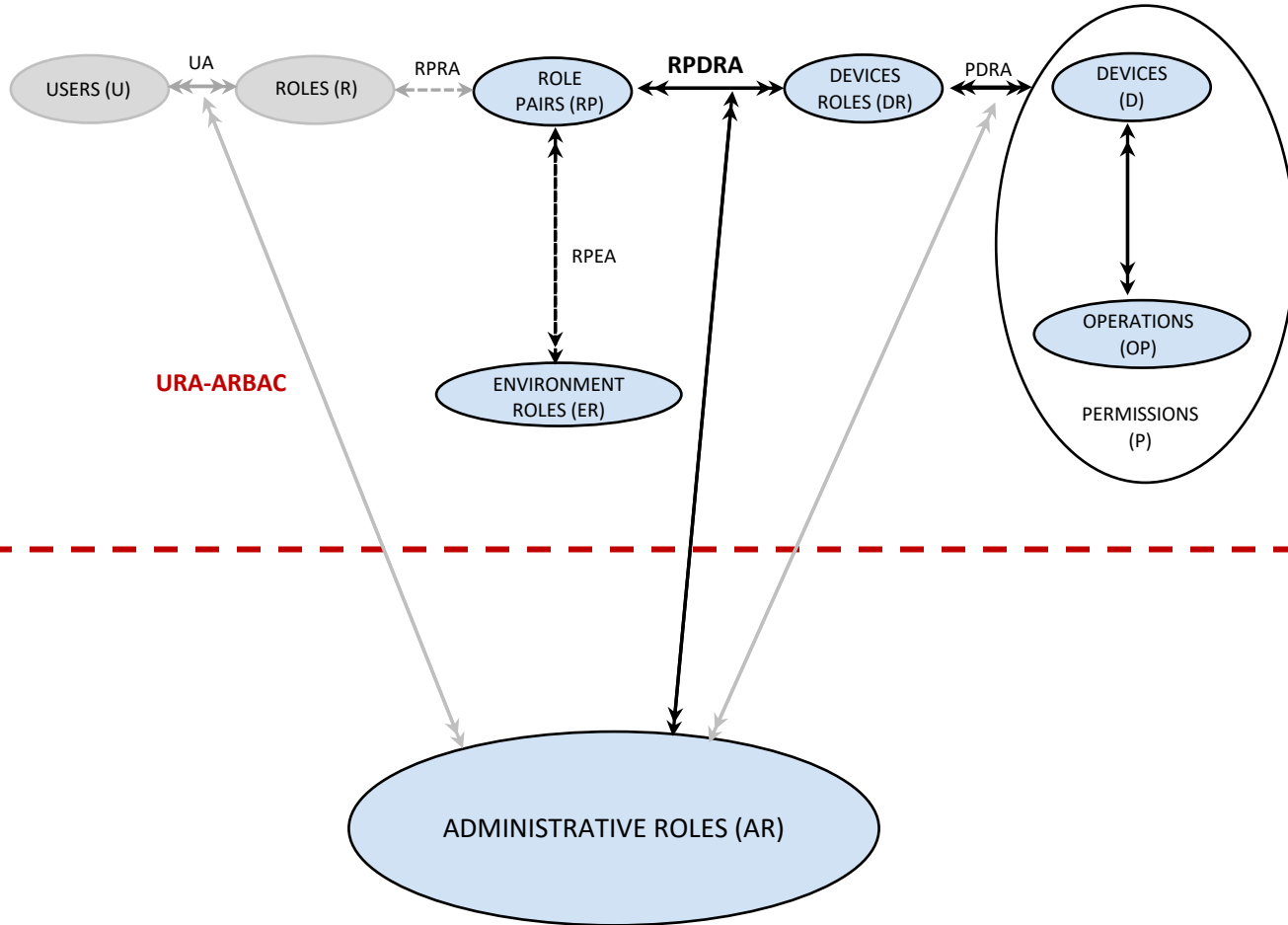
RevokeRPDR

Shakarami Mehrnoosh, and Ravi Sandhu.  
 "Role-based administration of role-based smart home IoT." Proceedings of the 2021 ACM Workshop on Secure and Trustworthy Cyber-Physical Systems. 2021.



Operational model

Administrative model



Authorization Functions:

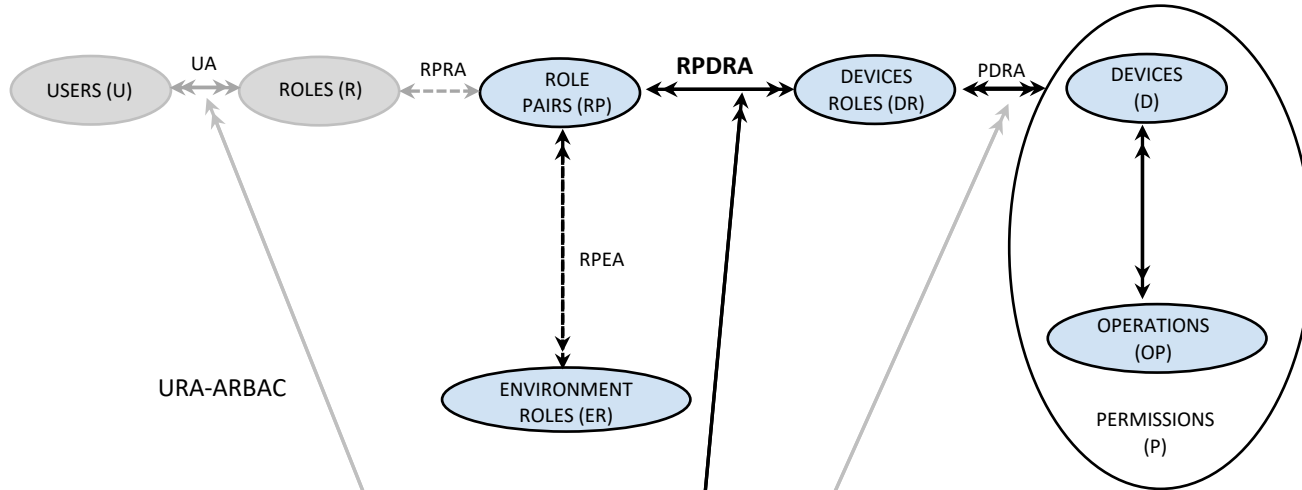
AssignRPDR

RevokeRPDR

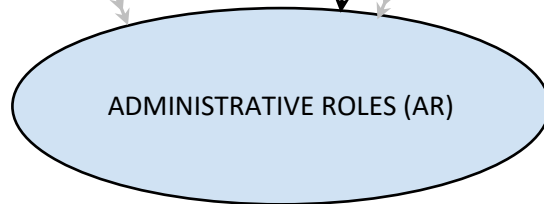
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Operational model



Administrative model



Authorization Functions:

**AssignRPDR**

**RevokeRPDR**

Shakarami Mehrnoosh, and Ravi Sandhu.  
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Mistakes are common and may result in security breaches.

- Verification is essential
- Policies are difficult to inspect by hand

An important aspect of security analysis is undoubtedly the ability to **automate** it.

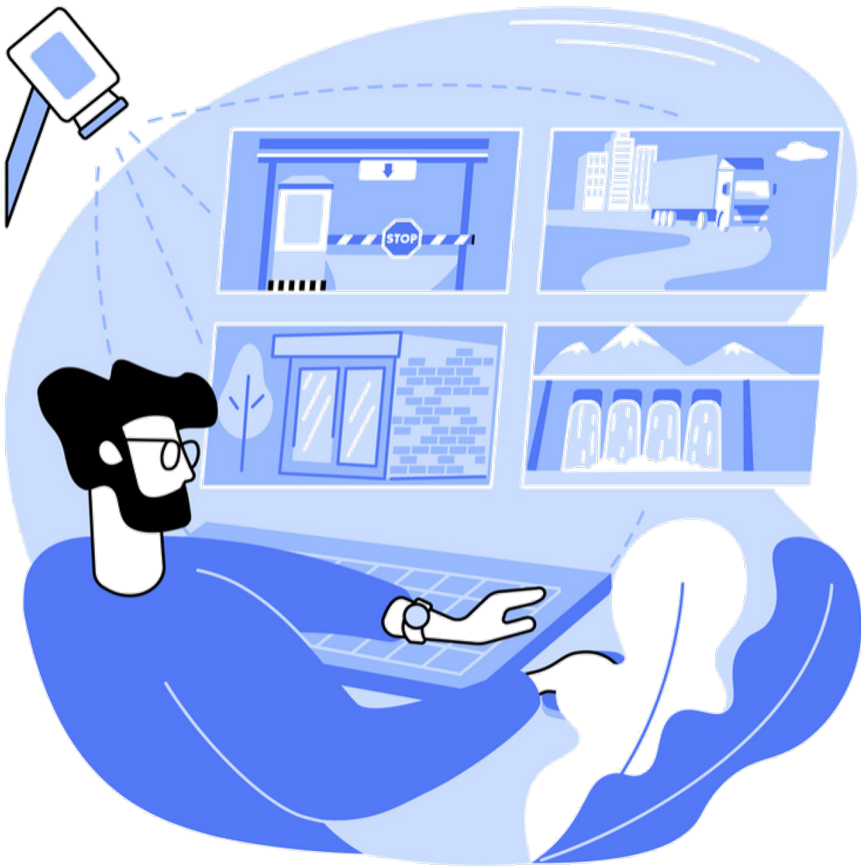


mohawk



# Goal

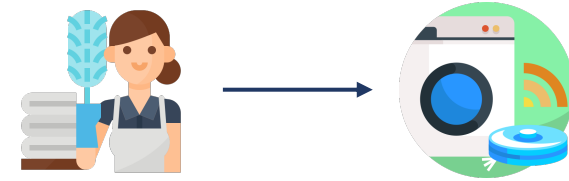
- Automated security analysis in Administrative EGRBAC
- Realistic case study



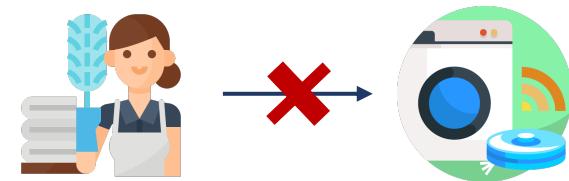




AssignRPDR(AUser, AR, **RP**, **DR**)



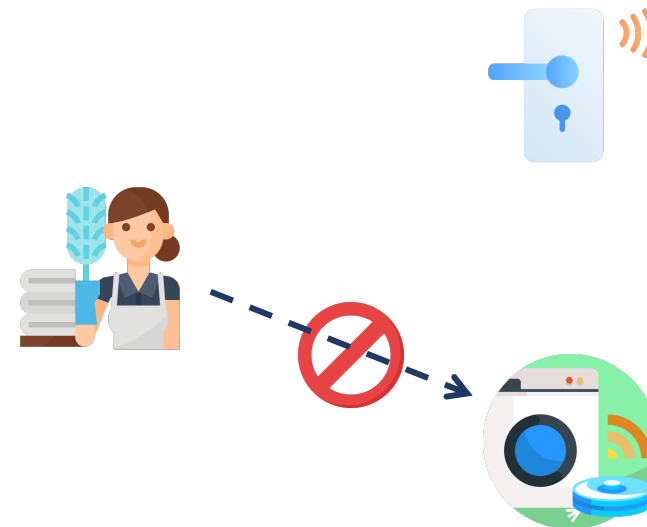
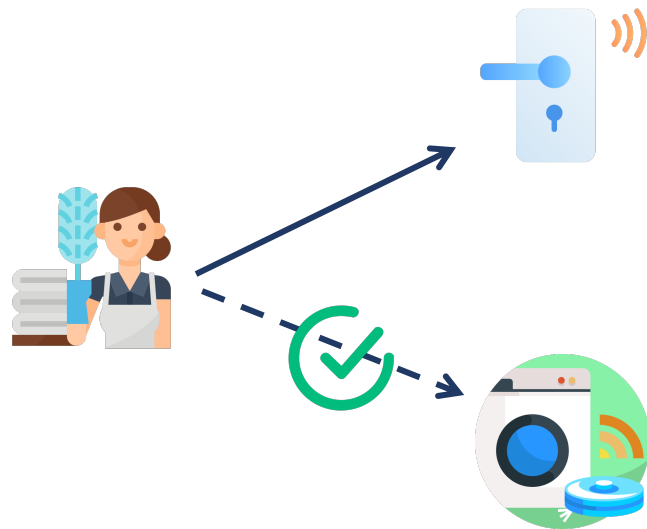
RevokeRPDR(AUser, AR, **RP**, **DR**)





# Conditioned Assignment function

Sometimes homeowners need to establish policies that enable the assignment of **role pairs** to **device roles** based on their association with other device roles





We include **preconditions** for assignment actions, following ARBAC97's paradigm

AssignRPDR(AUser, AR, **RP**, precondition, **DR**)

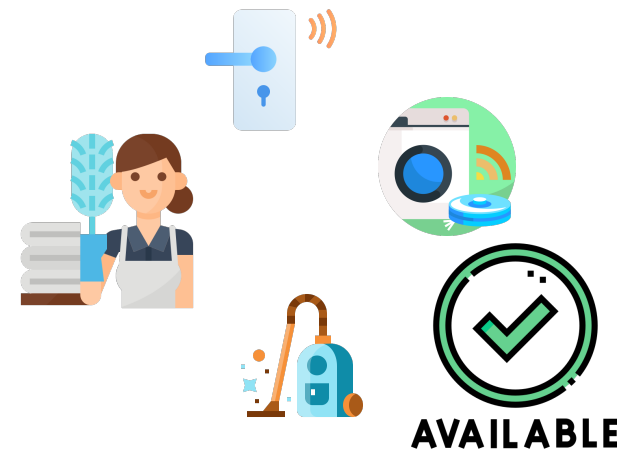
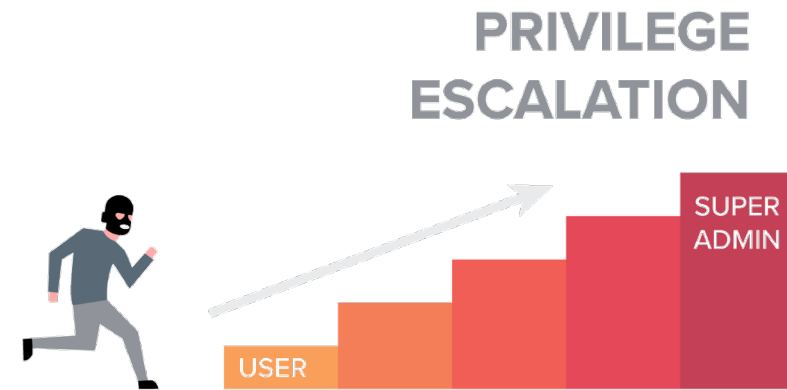
AssignRPDR(Roberta, Home\_Owner, **maid\_AtHome**, Door\_Device, **Cleaning\_Devices**)



# Security Requirements

Homeowners design administrative policies to achieve specific security goals:

- **Privilege escalation:** ensuring that no role pair has unauthorized access to devices
- **Availability:** ensuring that a role pair has the necessary devices





- availability
- escalation of privileges
- ...



each reduces to

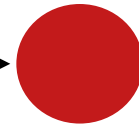
## DR-reachability Problem

Can any role pair gain access to a given device-role **goal** using the AEGRBAC rules?



AEGRBAC  
System S

*AssignRPDR* or *RevokeRPDR*



goal

Initial  
state

$i$

$i+1$



**Step 1:**  
Reduction to role reachability  
problem in ARBAC

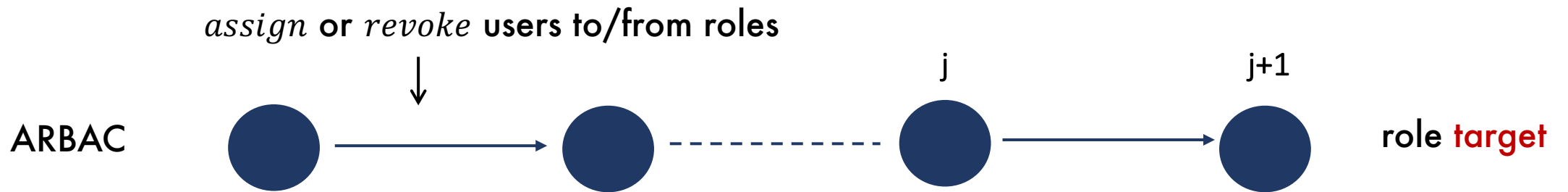
**Step 2:**  
Automatic analysis using  
existing tools





## Step 1:

We reduce the **DR-reachability problem** to the role-reachability problem in URA-ARBAC

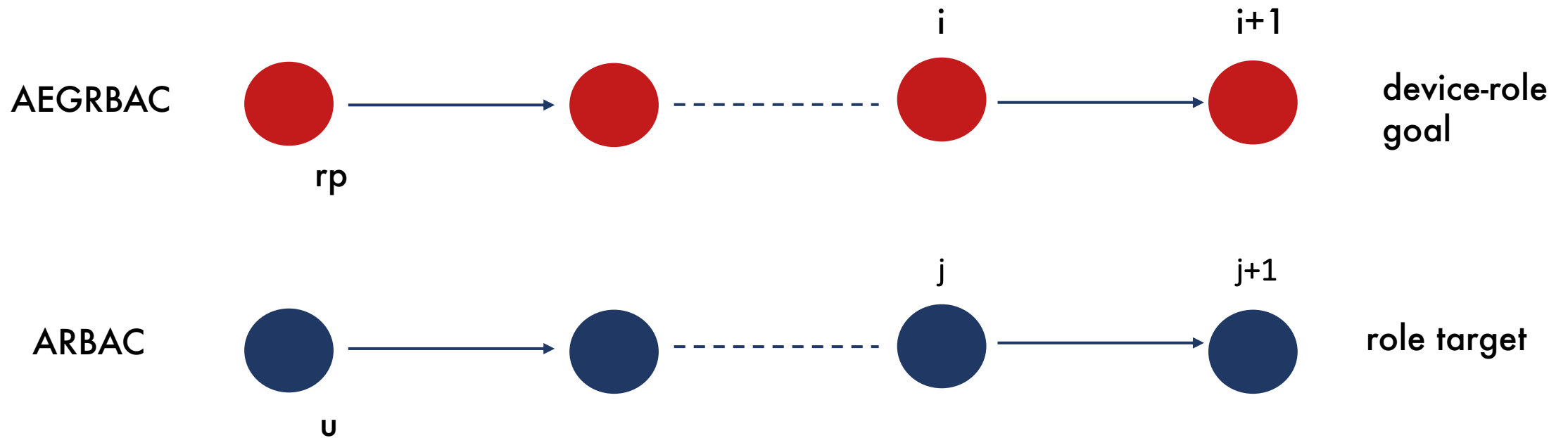






# Theorem

There is a run in AEGRBAC iff there is a run in ARBAC





## Step 2: Automatic Analysis

We continue the analysis leveraging existing  
**tools** in ARBAC



VERIFIER OF **A**CCCESS **C**ONTROL



```
AUSER admin;  
AR Admin;  
AUA (admin, Admin);  
RP (parent,Any_Time), (maid,At_Home), (guest,At_Home), (babySitter,Friday), (babySitter,Wednesday), (kid,Entertainment_Time);  
DR Owner_Controlled, Adult_Controlled, Kids_Friendly_Content, Entertainment_Devices, Lighting_Devices, Cleaning_Devices, Door_Device;  
RPDRA <(parent,Any_Time), Owner_Controlled>  
REVOKERPDR  
<admin, Admin, (babySitter,Friday), Door_Device>  
<admin, Admin, (parent,Any_Time), Owner_Controlled>  
<admin, Admin, (babySitter,Wednesday), Kids_Friendly_Content>  
<admin, Admin, (guest,At_Home), Lighting_Devices>  
<admin, Admin, (kid,Entertainment_Time), Kids_Friendly_Content>  
<admin, Admin, (maid,At_Home), Cleaning_Devices>  
ASSIGNRPDR  
<admin, Admin, (babySitter,Friday), ¬Adult_Controlled, Door_Device>  
<admin, Admin, (parent,Any_Time), -, Adult_Controlled>  
<admin, Admin, (guest,At_Home), Door_Device, Lighting_Devices>  
<admin, Admin, (kid,Entertainment_Time), ¬Entertainment_Devices, Kids_Friendly_Content>  
<admin, Admin, (babySitter,Wednesday), Lighting_Devices, Kids_Friendly_Content>  
<admin, Admin, (maid,At_Home), Door_Device & Lighting_Devices, Cleaning_Devices>
```

Our full policy has **12** users, **11** roles, **15** role pairs RP, **19** device roles DR and **236** authorization functions



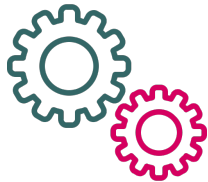
We tested the policy against 21 queries using the tool VAC, the analysis terminated in a **few seconds**, regardless of whether the target pair was reachable or not

Experiment	Time	Result
1. Kid to AdultControlled	28.85s	U
2. Guest to OwnerControlled	1.91s	U
3. Maid to CleaningDevices	1.11s	R
4. BabySitter to KidsFriendlyContent	1.17s	R
5. Guest to KidsFriendlyContent	1.69s	U

**Table 1: Experimental results**



Consider case studies in large-scale scenarios:  
e.g., *smart building*



Consider different underlying tools for the analysis  
and compare their output/performance



# Thanks for your attention

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